

Interim Findings of the HamSCI DASI2 HF Antenna Project

Michael Hauan AC0G, Glenn Elmore N6GN, Rob Robinett AI6VN, Elmer Musser N3AGE, Gwyn Griffiths G3ZIL, Dave Witten KD0EAG, Ulli Grunow ON5KT, Clint Turner KA7OEI, Dave McGaw N1HAC, Dave Larsen KV0S

Introduction

- Primary Objective:
 - Assessment of antennas for DASI2
 - Concurrent interest: Development of N6GN's SAS
- Emergent Objective:
 - Tools for improving antennas and sites

Why a single antenna?

1. Uniformity Data Collection Sites
2. Simplified Deployment
3. Performance Optimization
4. Cost

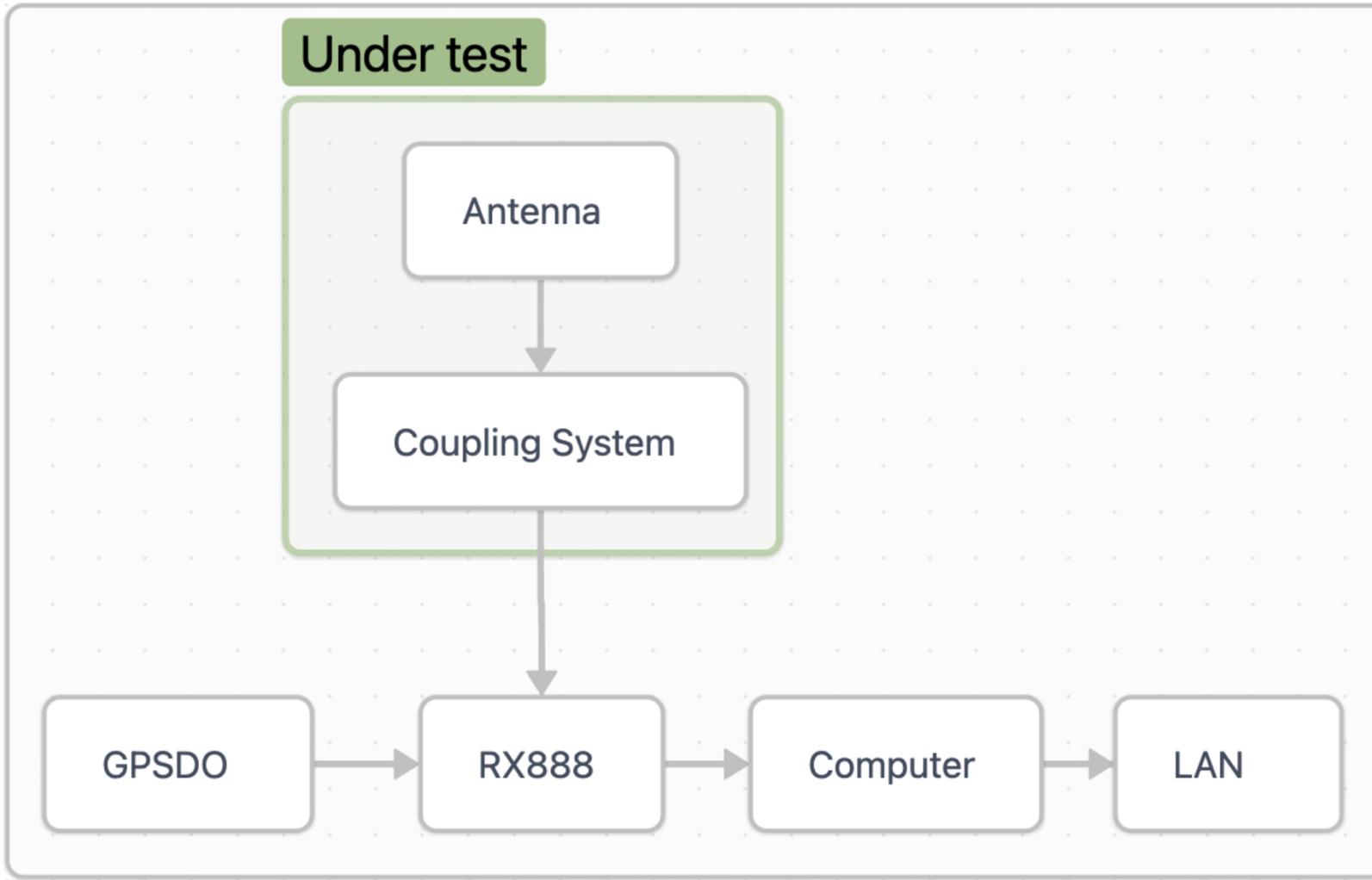
Selection and Evaluation Criteria

4

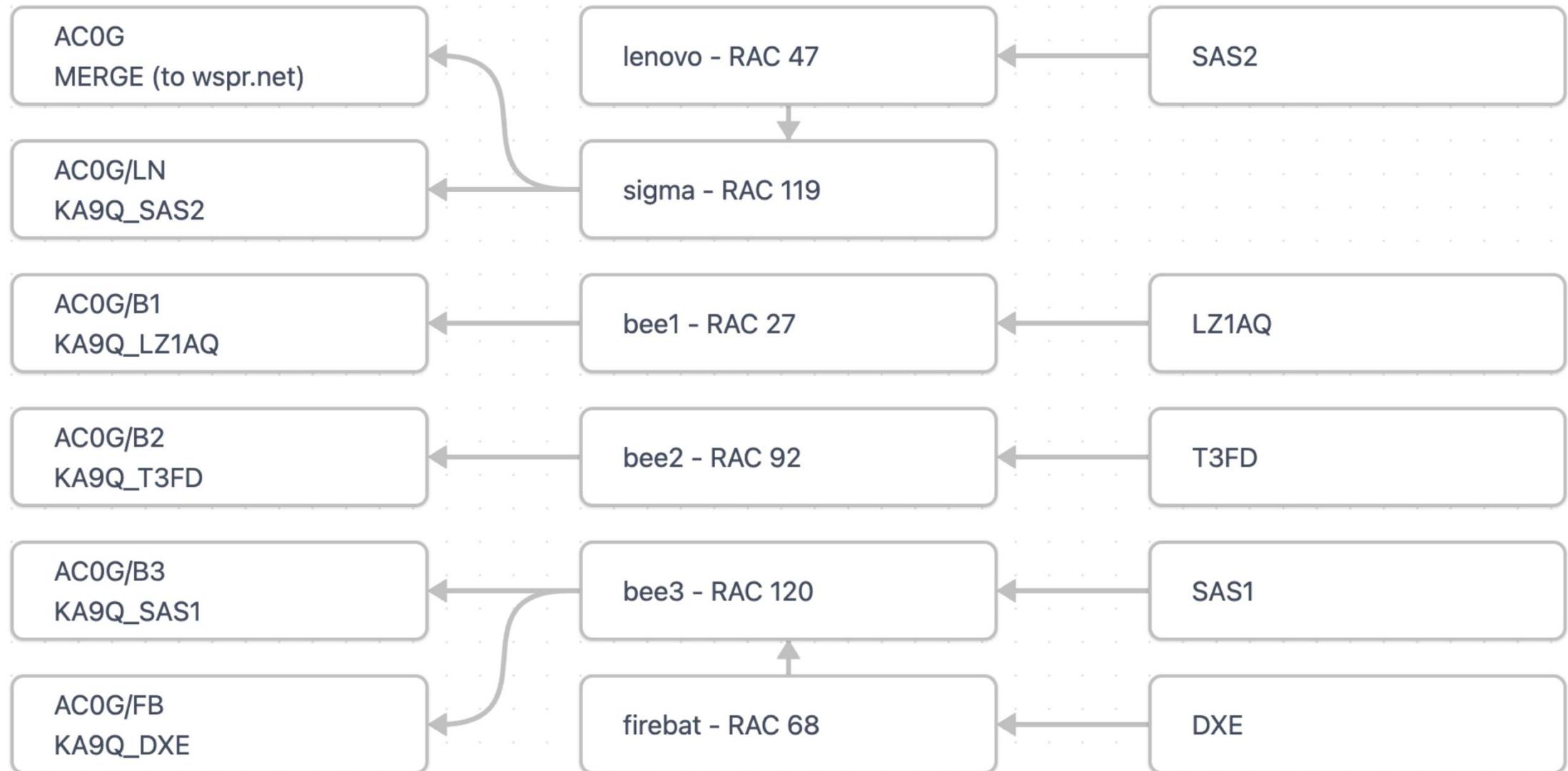
1. Gain
2. Frequency Range
3. Polarization
4. Size and Form Factor
5. Durability and Environmental Ratings
6. Installation and Maintenance Requirements
7. Cost

Antenna Setup

Site



Specific Setup



Details

ANTENNAS:

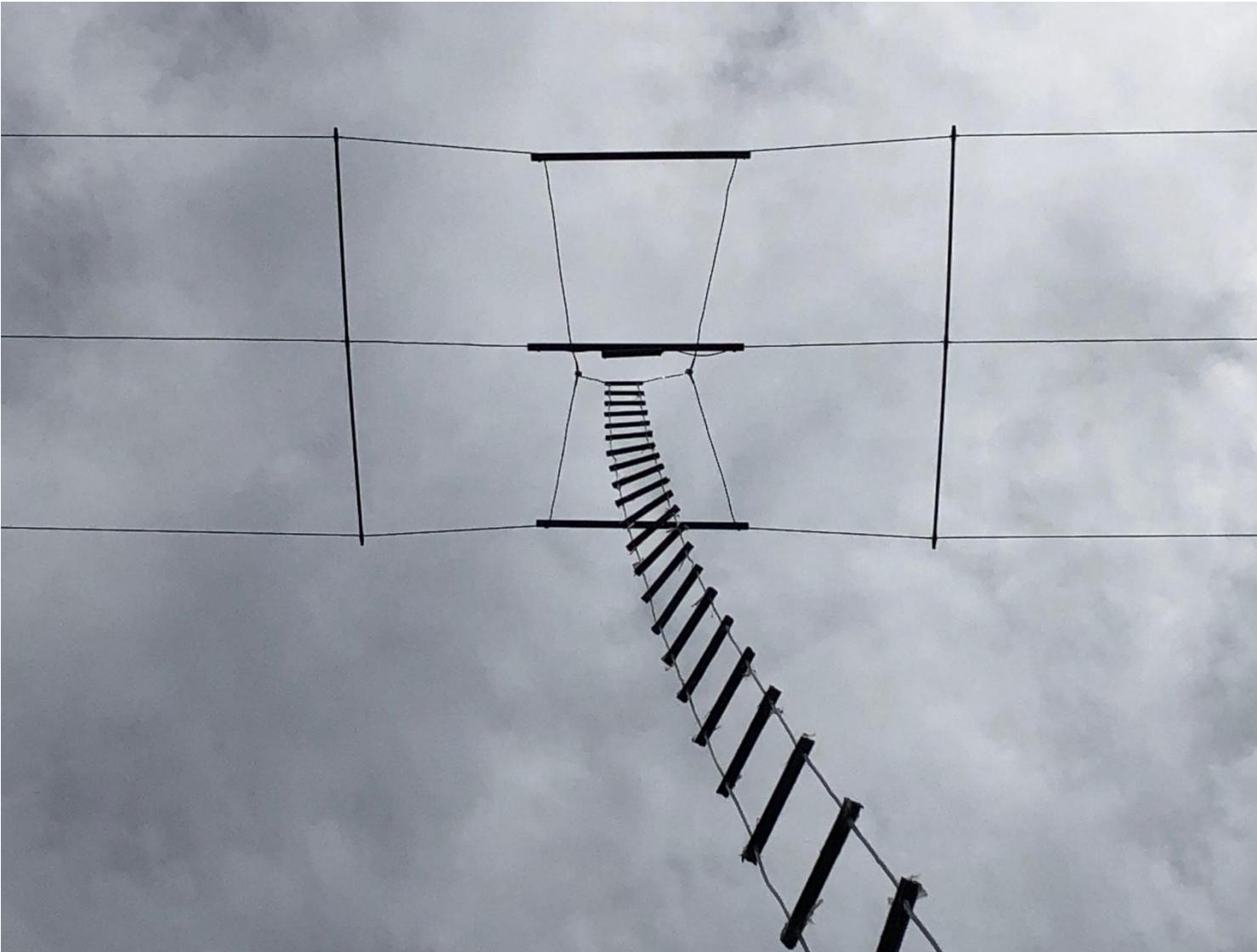
1. **DX Engineering Antenna**: active monopole over ground with
<https://www.dxengineering.com/parts/dxe-rseav-1>
2. **Single Antenna System**: active probe dipole
<http://www.sonic.net/~n6gn/OSHW/BB/SA/SingleAntennaSystem.html>
3. **LZ1AQ**: active loop dipole
<https://active-antenna.eu/>
4. **Ad Hoc Antenna**: passive terminated 3-element folded dipole
<https://dipolesusa.com/store/p76/T3FD90ANTENNAKIT.html>

SITES:

- N6GN (SAS) in Colorado
- N3AGE (SAS) in Long Island, NY
- AC0G (SAS, DXE, T3FD, LZ1AQ) in semi-rural Missouri
- KV0S (DXE) in urban Missouri

Terminated 3-Element Folded Dipole (T3FD)

8

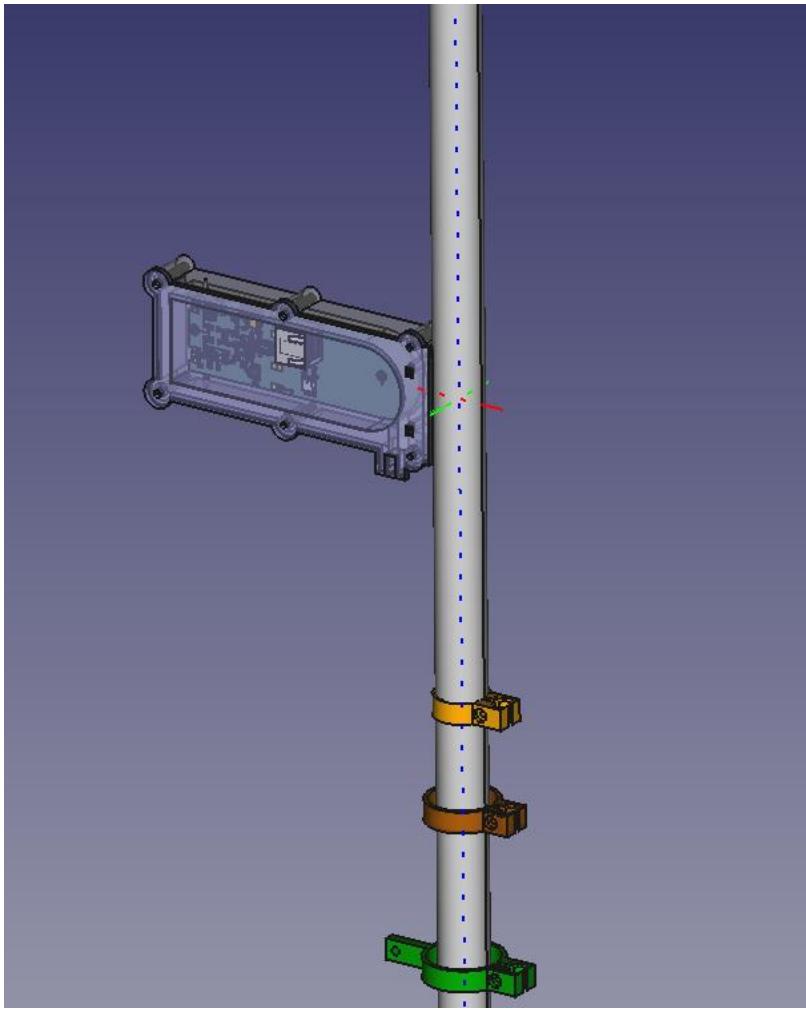


DX Engineering Monopole



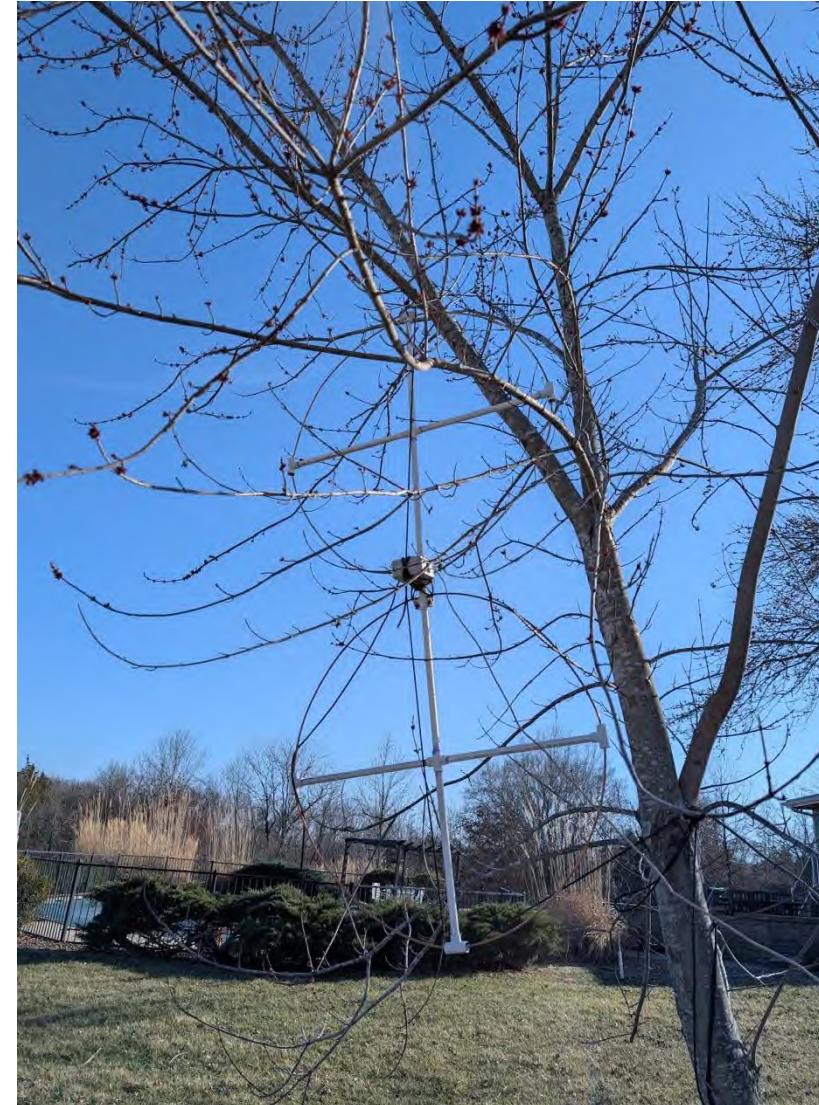
N6GN Single Antenna System

10



LZ1AQ Loop Dipole

11



Methodology

TOOLS:

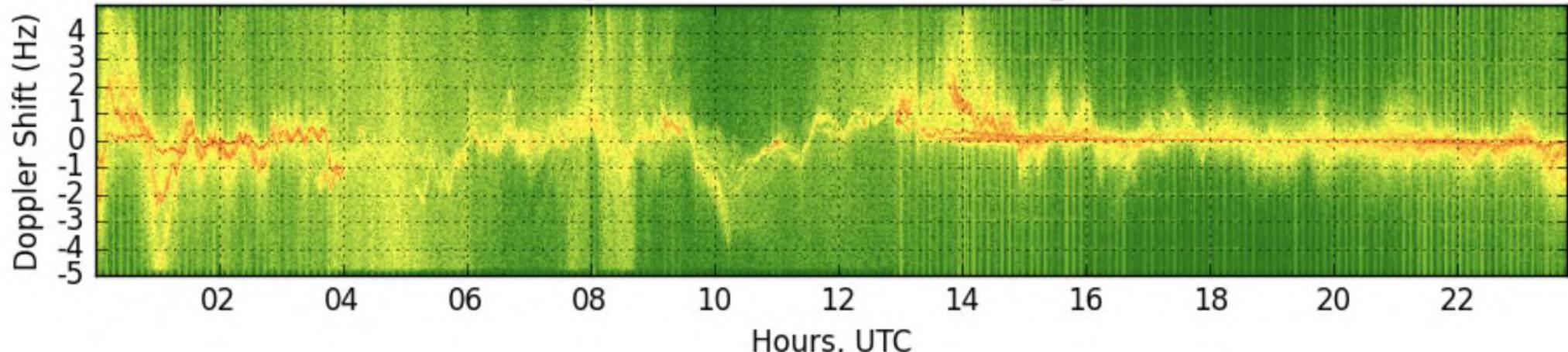
- ka9q-radio
- ka9q-web spectrum display
- field-probe

METRICS:

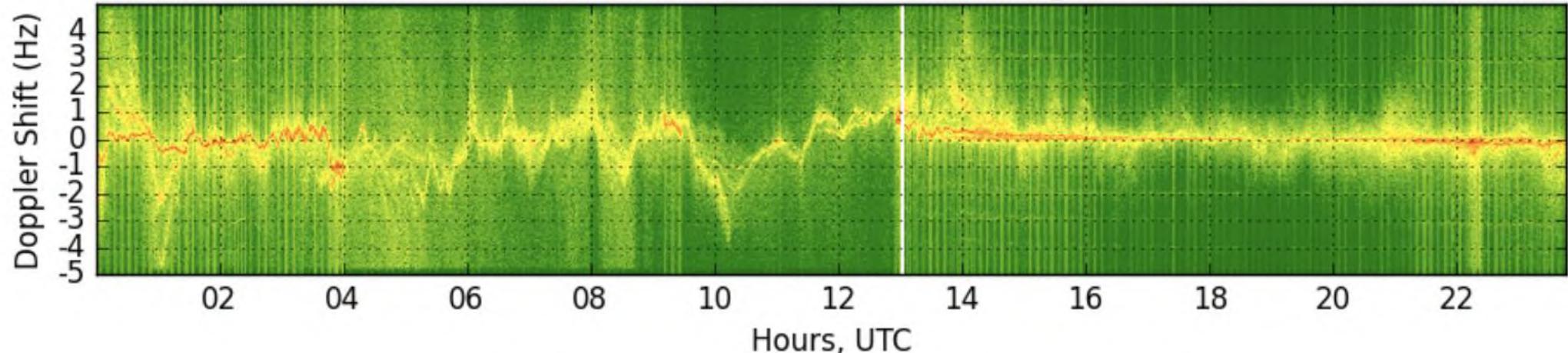
- PSWS spectrograph comparison (<https://pswsnetwork.caps.ua.edu>)
- wspr reports (<https://wspr.rocks>)
- Grafana signal/noise reports (<http://logs1.wsprdaemon.org:3000/dashboards>)
- pskreporter (<https://pskreporter.info>)

10 MHz – T3FD and LZ1AQ

Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_B2 Subchannel 4

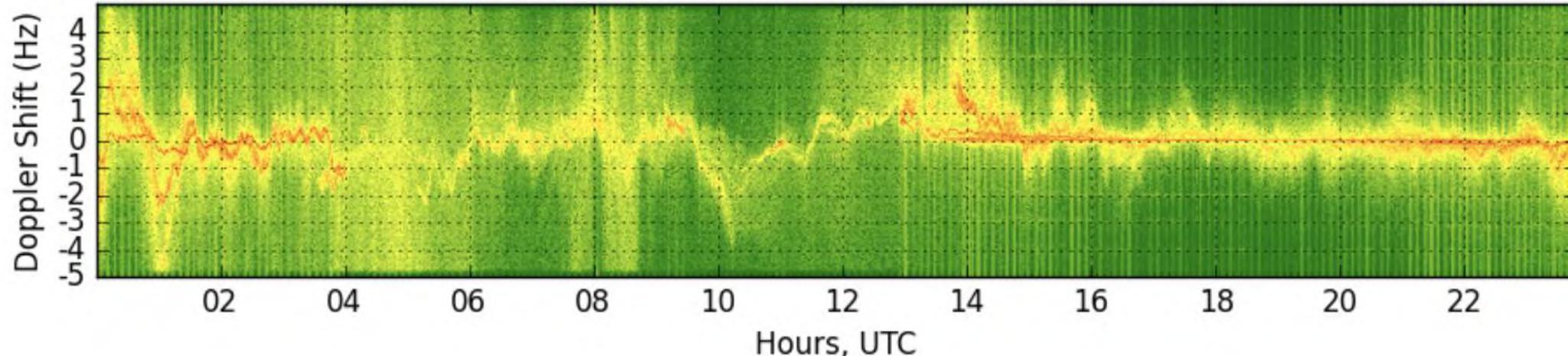


Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_B1 Subchannel 4

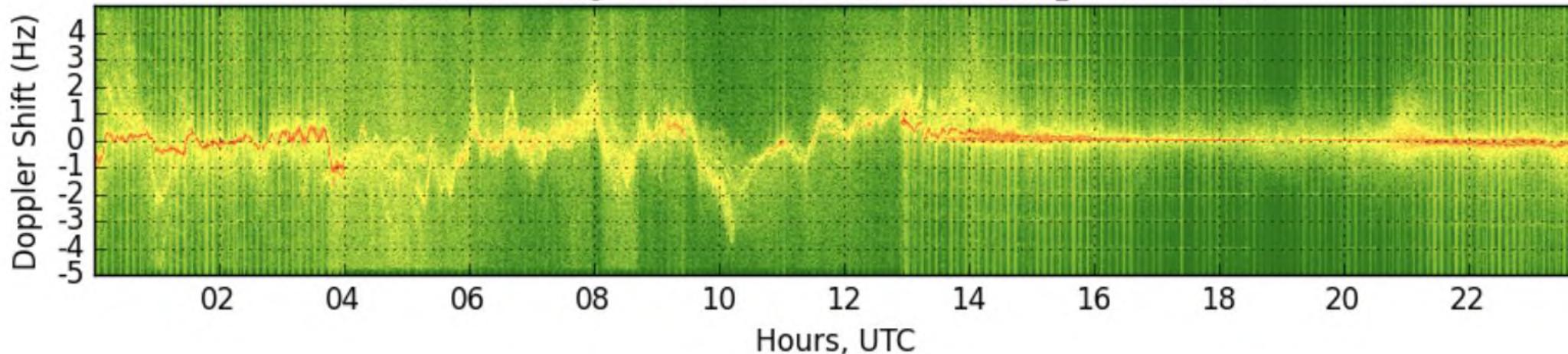


10 MHz – T3FD and SAS1

Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_B2 Subchannel 4

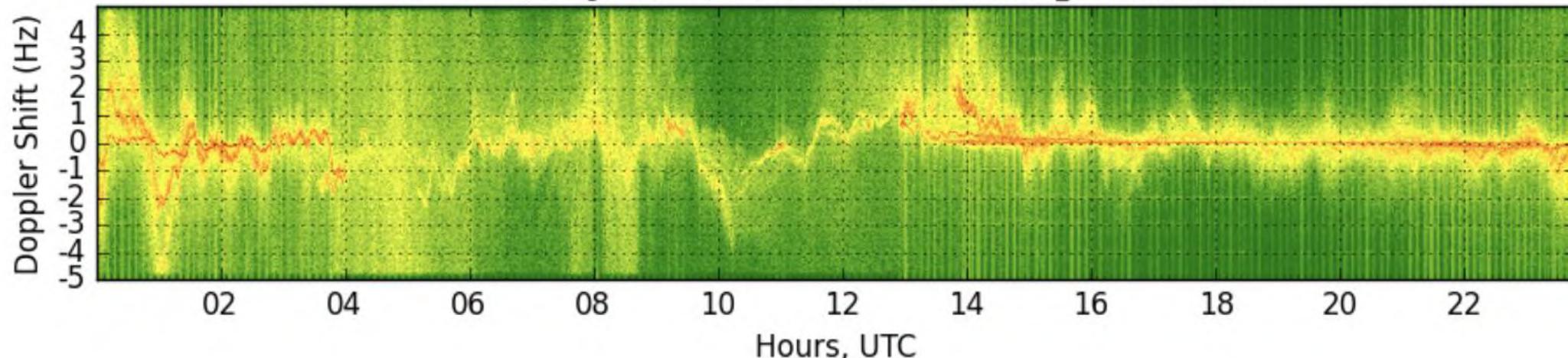


Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_B3 Subchannel 4

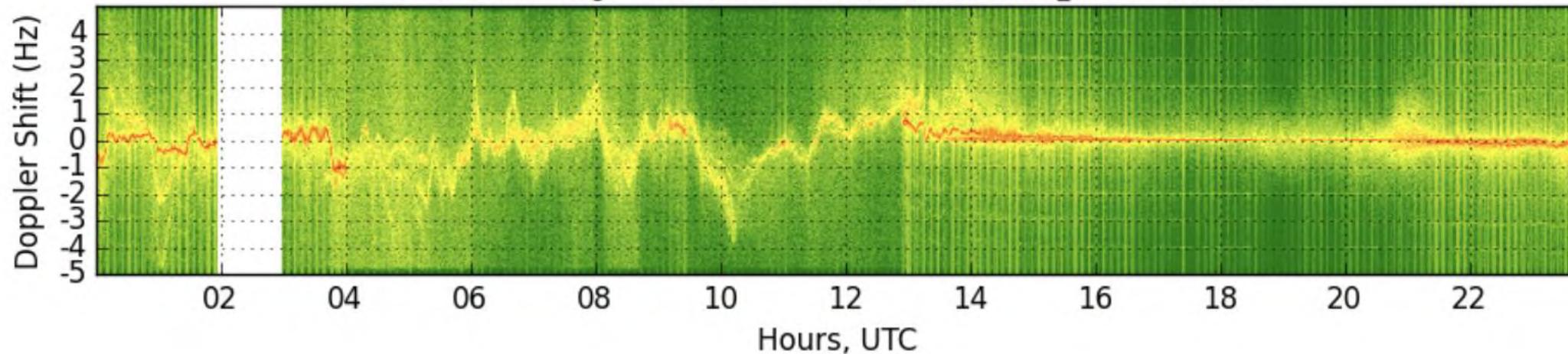


10 MHz – T3FD and SAS2

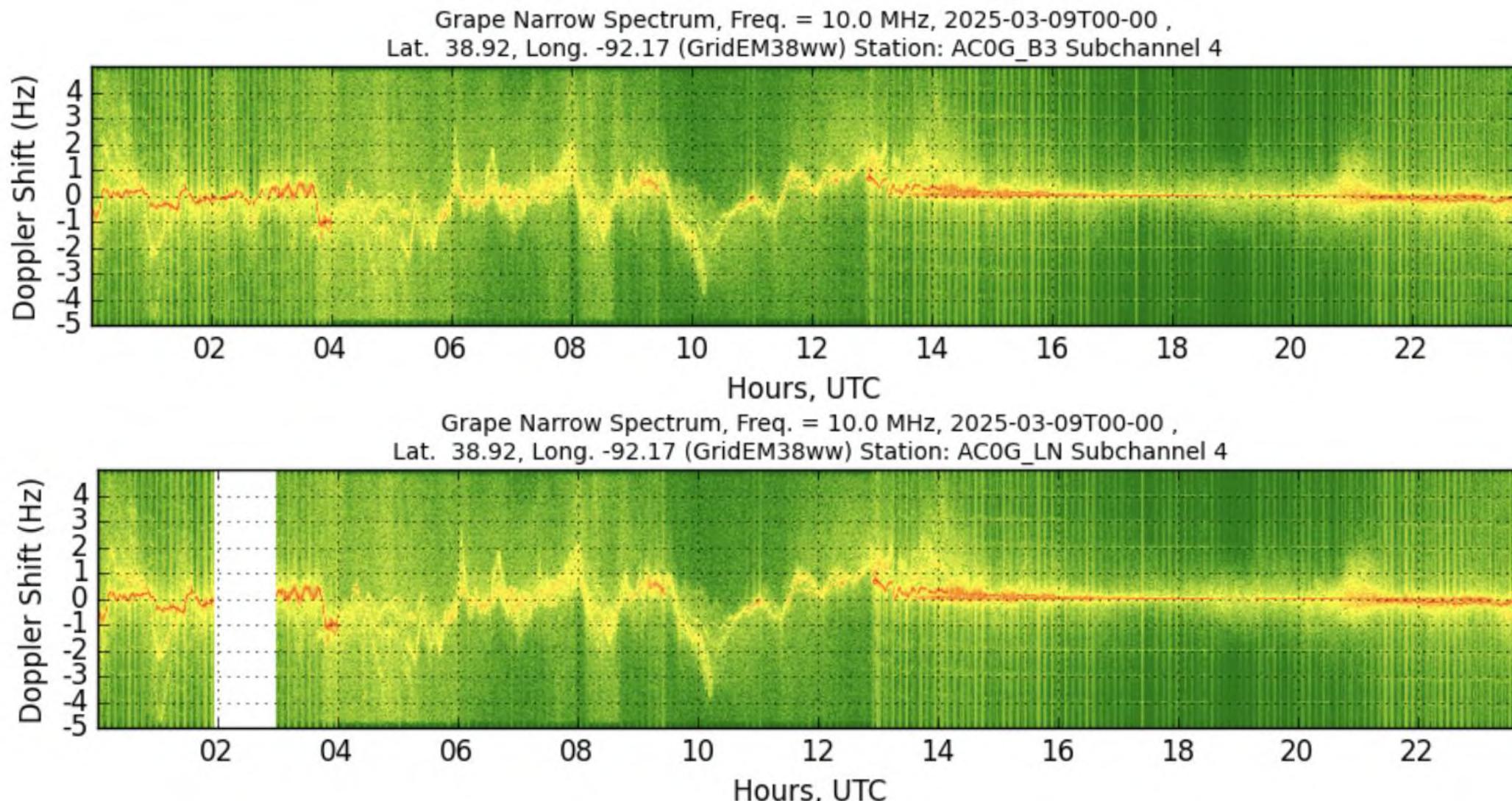
Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_B2 Subchannel 4



Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_LN Subchannel 4



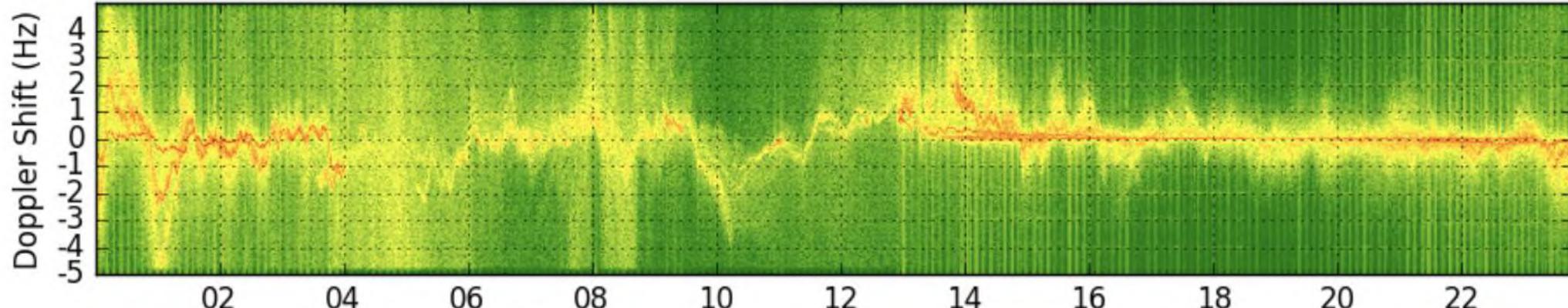
10 MHz – SAS1 and SAS2



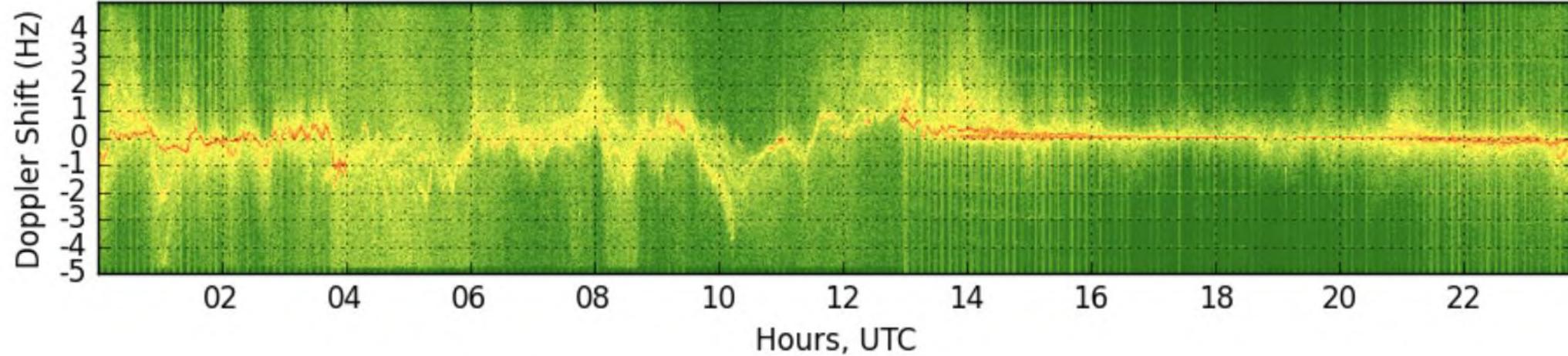
10 MHz – T3FD and DXE

17

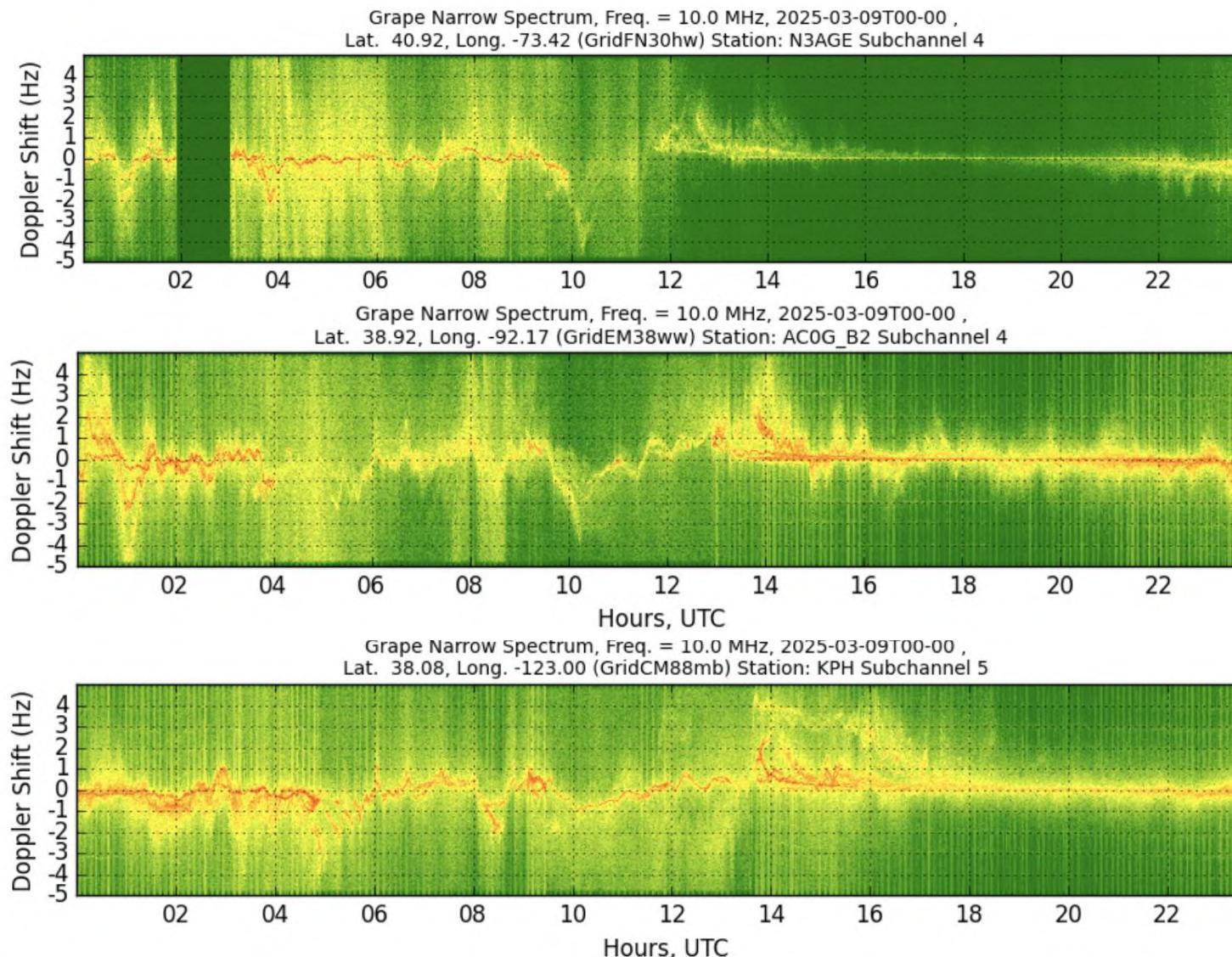
Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_B2 Subchannel 4



Grape Narrow Spectrum, Freq. = 10.0 MHz, 2025-03-09T00-00 ,
Lat. 38.92, Long. -92.17 (GridEM38ww) Station: AC0G_FB Subchannel 4



10 MHz – N3AGE, AC0G, and KPH



WSPR Spots

=> Displaying data from toStartOfDay (yesterday()) to toStartOfDay (today()) UTC

rank	reporter	locator	#raw	#dups	#unique	LF	MF	160m	80m	60m	40m	30m	20m	17m	15m	12m	10m
	Totals =>	9	344,105	0	12,293	7	92	69	767	33	2,243	1,809	2,845	1,351	1,343	652	1,082
1	AC0G/B2	EM38ww	49862	0	1626	0	14	7	100	3	292	240	353	173	183	103	155
2	AC0G/B3	EM38ww	47634	0	1571	2	17	14	103	3	289	232	343	163	167	88	149
3	AC0G/B1	EM38ww	47561	0	1559	1	5	13	102	4	277	225	342	158	177	100	153
4	AC0G/LN	EM38ww	42885	0	1421	1	10	5	70	2	267	231	327	151	161	72	123
5	KV0S	EM38tv	33594	0	1301	0	9	6	86	5	258	208	288	151	131	65	92
6	AC0G/FB	EM38ww	32092	0	1095	0	11	5	91	2	242	138	296	107	97	39	66
7	N6GN4	DN70II	31459	0	1178	1	16	3	76	2	220	129	249	144	146	72	120
8	N3AGE-4	FN30hw	29605	0	1286	1	5	8	70	6	202	204	325	154	139	57	113
9	N3AGE-2	FN30hw	29413	0	1270	1	5	8	69	6	196	202	322	150	142	56	111

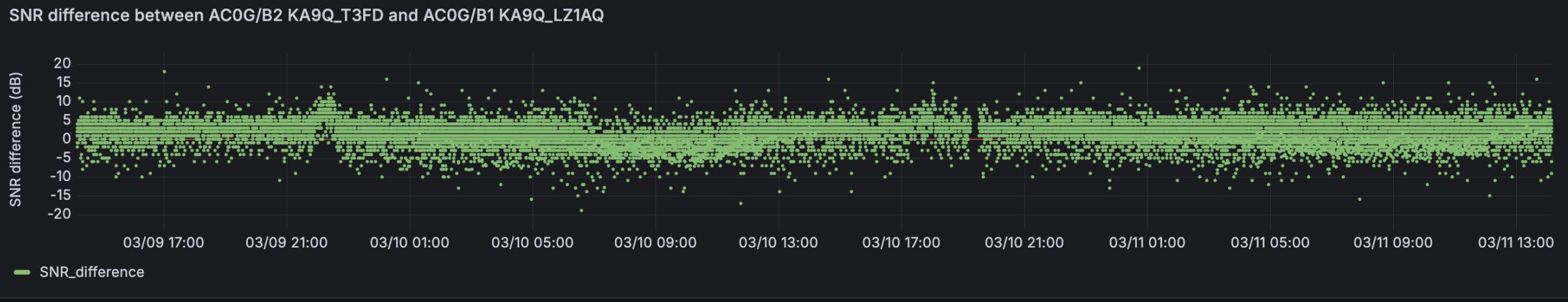
Single Antenna System: 2, 4, 7, 8, 9

DX Engineering: 5, 6

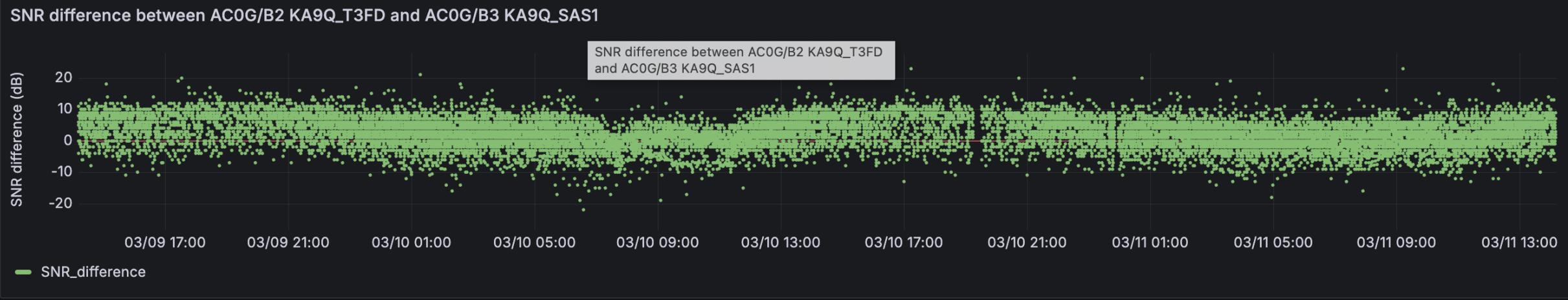
T3FD: 1

Grafana – T3FD and LZ1AQ

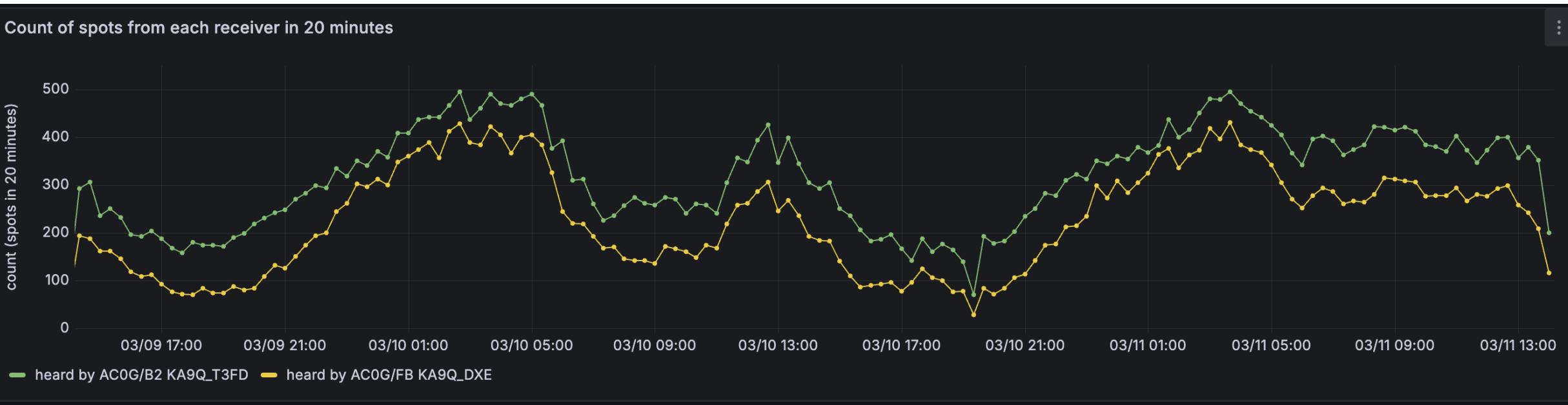
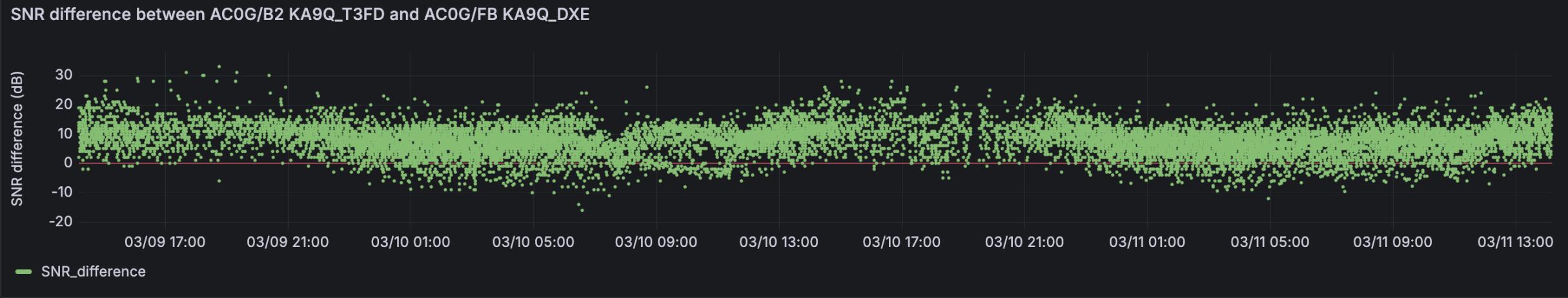
20



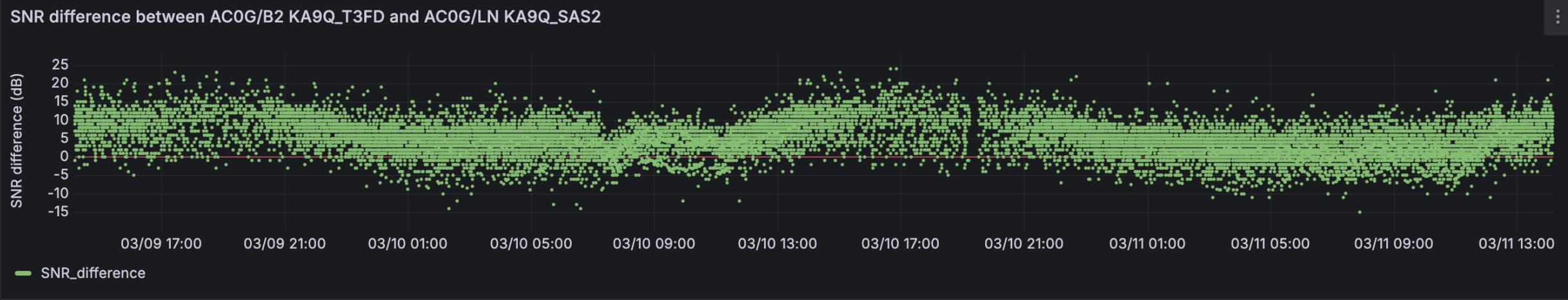
Grafana – T3FD and SAS1



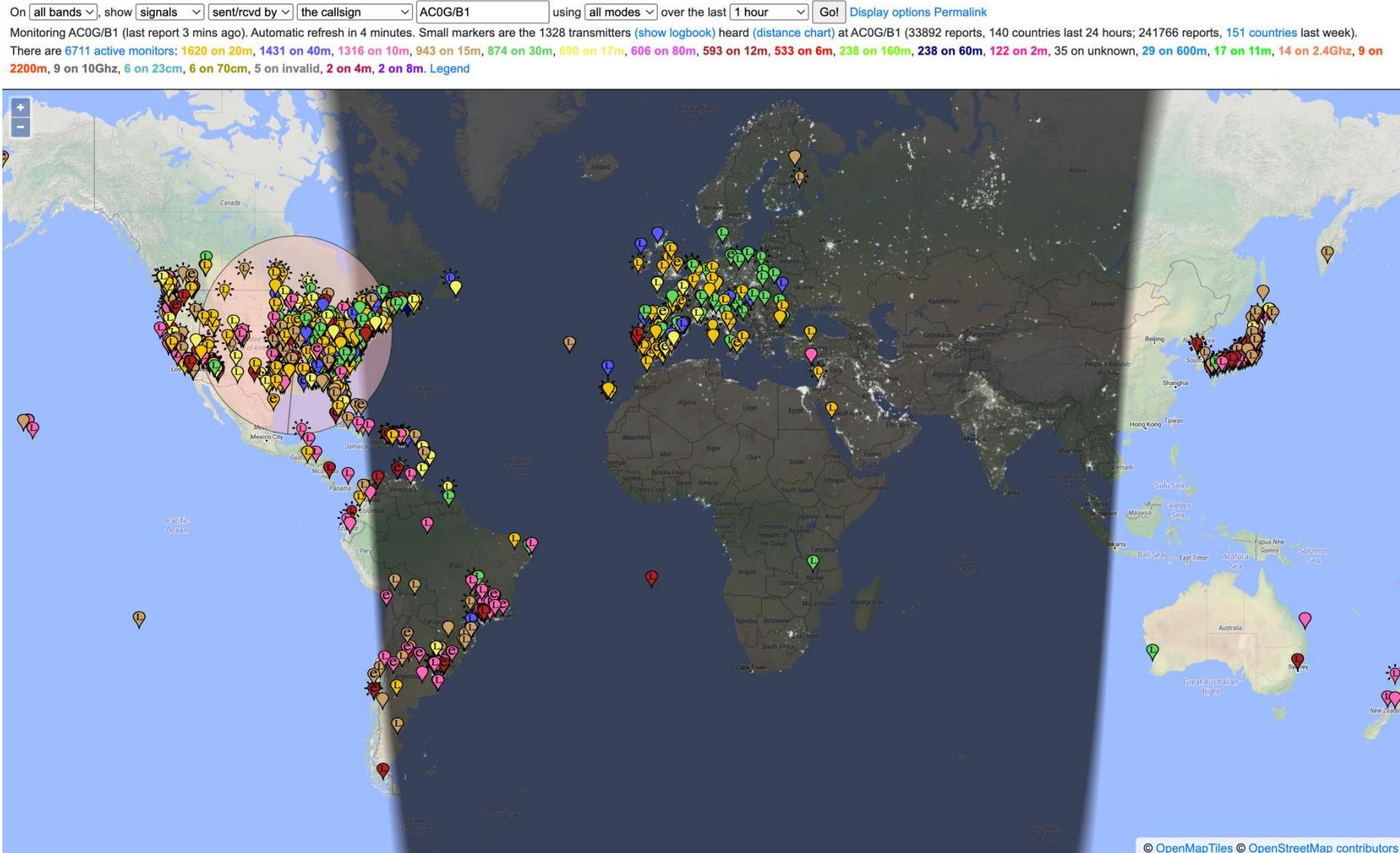
Grafana – T3FD and DXE



Grafana – T3FD and SAS2



PSKReporter



[Statistics](#) — Comments to [Philip Gladstone](#) — [Online discussions](#) — Reception records: 55,282,708,263 — Hosting by [Fast Serv Networks, LLC](#)

PSKREPORTER.INFO

Preliminary Impressions

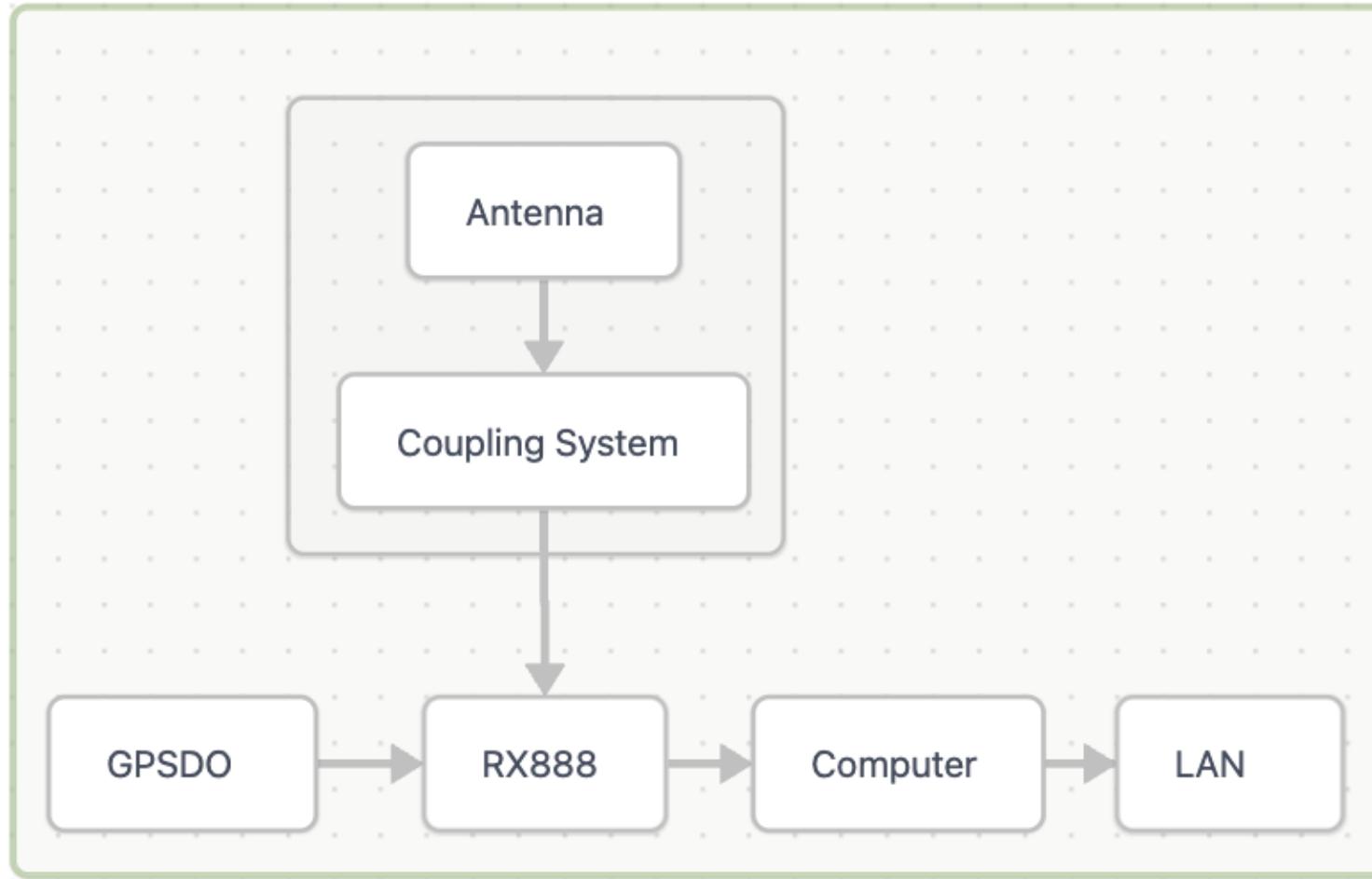
Antenna:	Performance	Installation Difficulty	Form Factor	Durability	Approximate Cost	Extras Required
T3FD	local gold standard	complex	Huge	high	\$700	poles, coax, LPF
DXE	lags but ok	medium	vertical	high	\$250	ground rod, coax, LPF
SAS	approaching GS	medium	vertical	TBD	\$300	coax, LPF
LZ1AQ	approaching GS	complex	variable	depends	\$125	structure, coax, LPF

Remaining Questions

- - Final structure for SAS
- - Interaction of active HF antenna with VLF antenna
- - Site selection requirements
- - Assembly and support issues

General Implications

Site -- Under test



Site Issues

- ITU region noise and beyond
- Known local broadcast stations
- Nearby structures -- trees, building, geography
- social -- HOA rules
- neighborhood noise
- residence noise
- shack noise

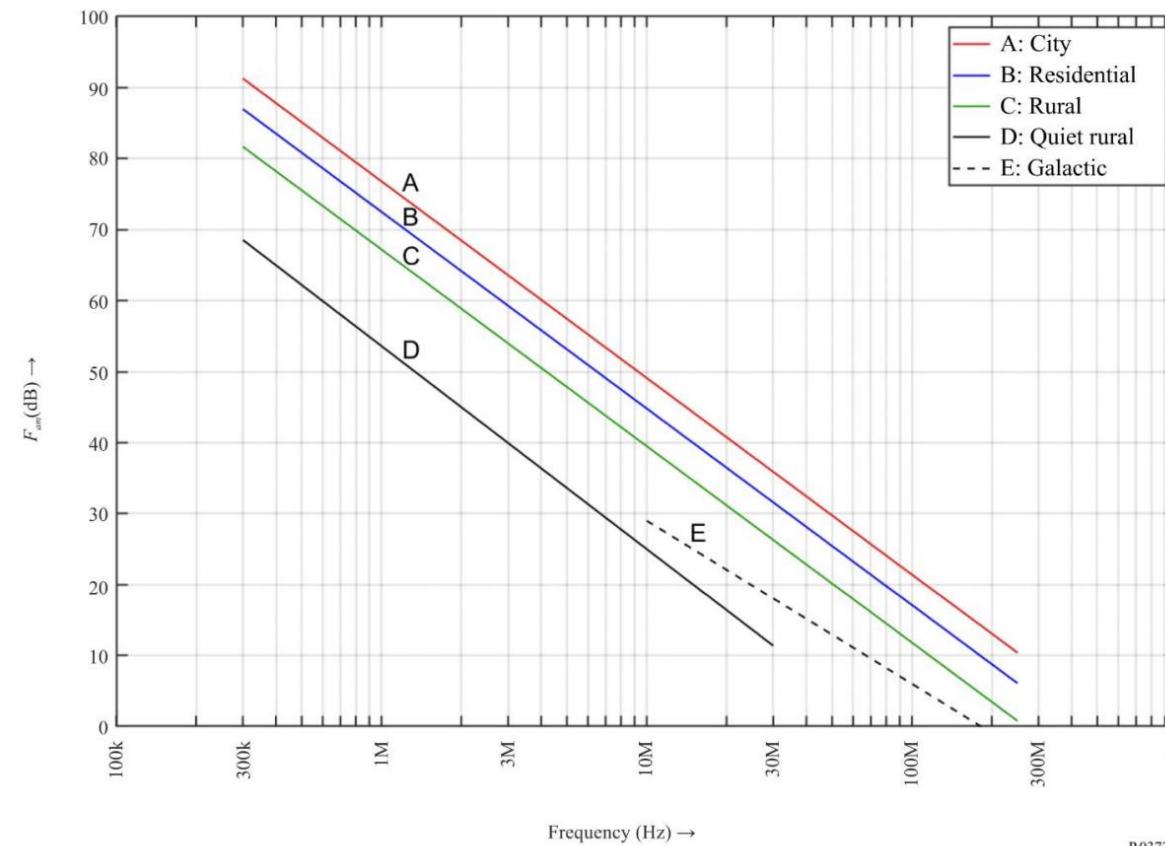
ITU Noise

Rec. ITU-R P.372-17

101

FIGURE 39

Median values of man-made noise power
for a short vertical lossless grounded monopole antenna



P.0372-39

ka9q-web

John Melton G0ORX started this with a proof-of-concept version in late 2023. This adjunct to ka9q-radio displays a spectrum, waterfall, and other data from radiod. **Franco Venturi K4VZ** helped initially incorporate it into wsprdaemon. **Scott Newell N5TNL** has since improved it dramatically in collaboration with **Rob Robinett AI6VN**, **Phil Karn KA9Q**, **Glenn Elmore N6GN**, **Jim Lill WA2ZKD**, and desultory kibitzers.

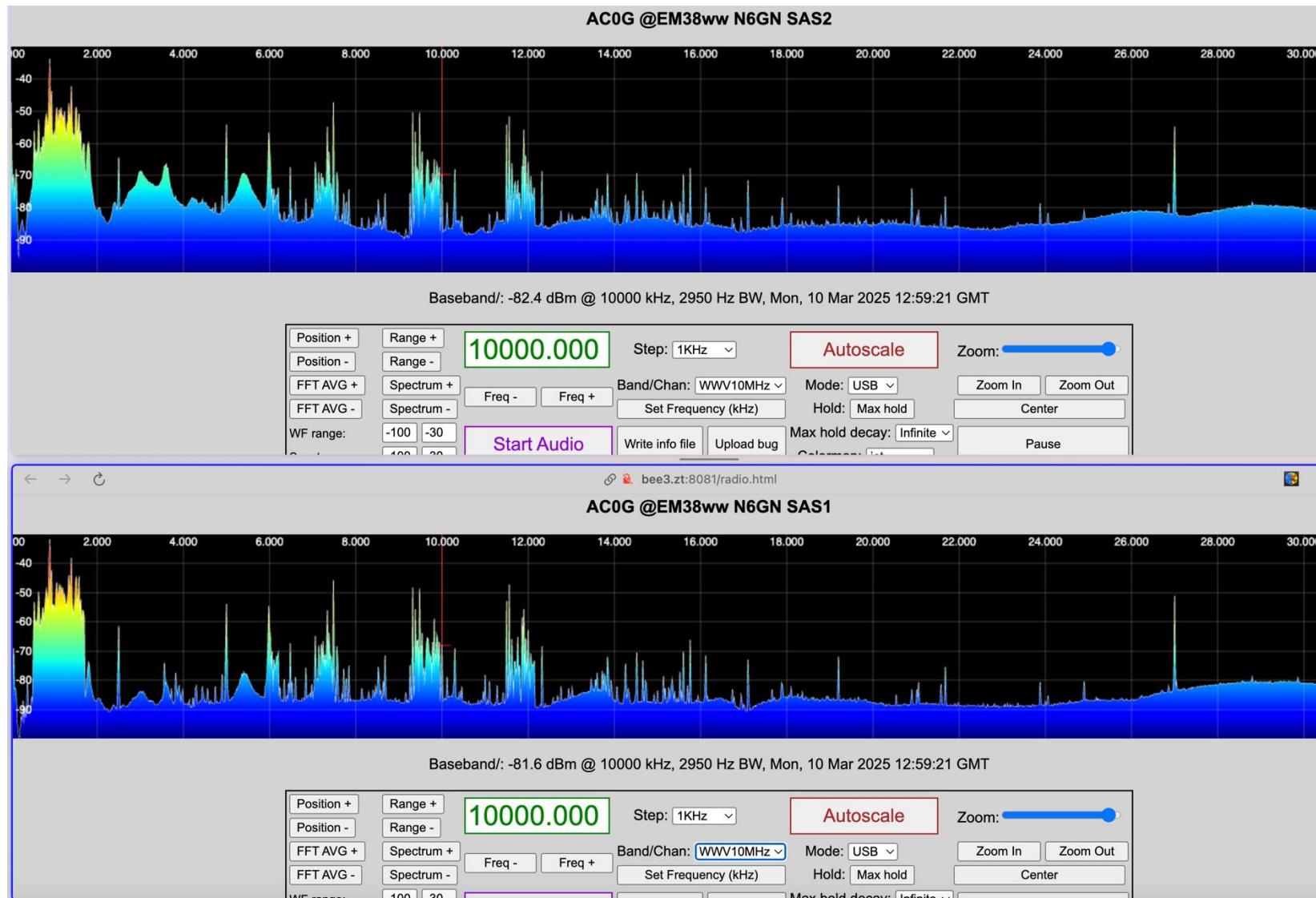
Web Server by John Melton, G0ORX (<https://github.com/g0orx/ka9q-radio>)

ka9q-radio by Phil Karn, KA9Q (<https://github.com/ka9q/ka9q-radio>)

Onion Web Framework by David Moreno (<https://github.com/davidmoreno/onion>)

Spectrum/Waterfall Display by Jeppe Ledet-Pedersen (<https://github.com/jledet/waterfall>)

SAS1 and SAS2 – 1300 UTC



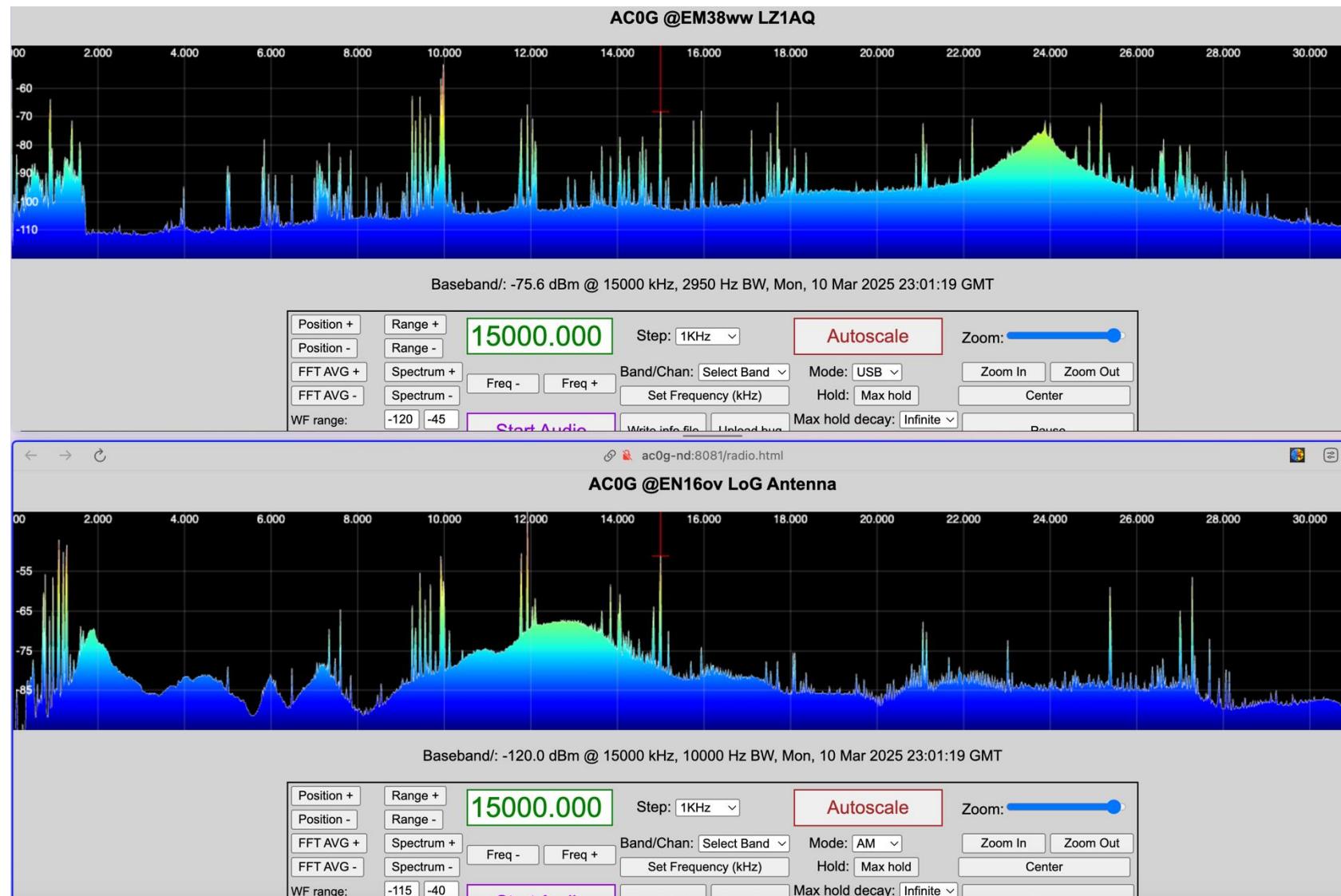
SAS1 and SAS2 – 2300 UTC

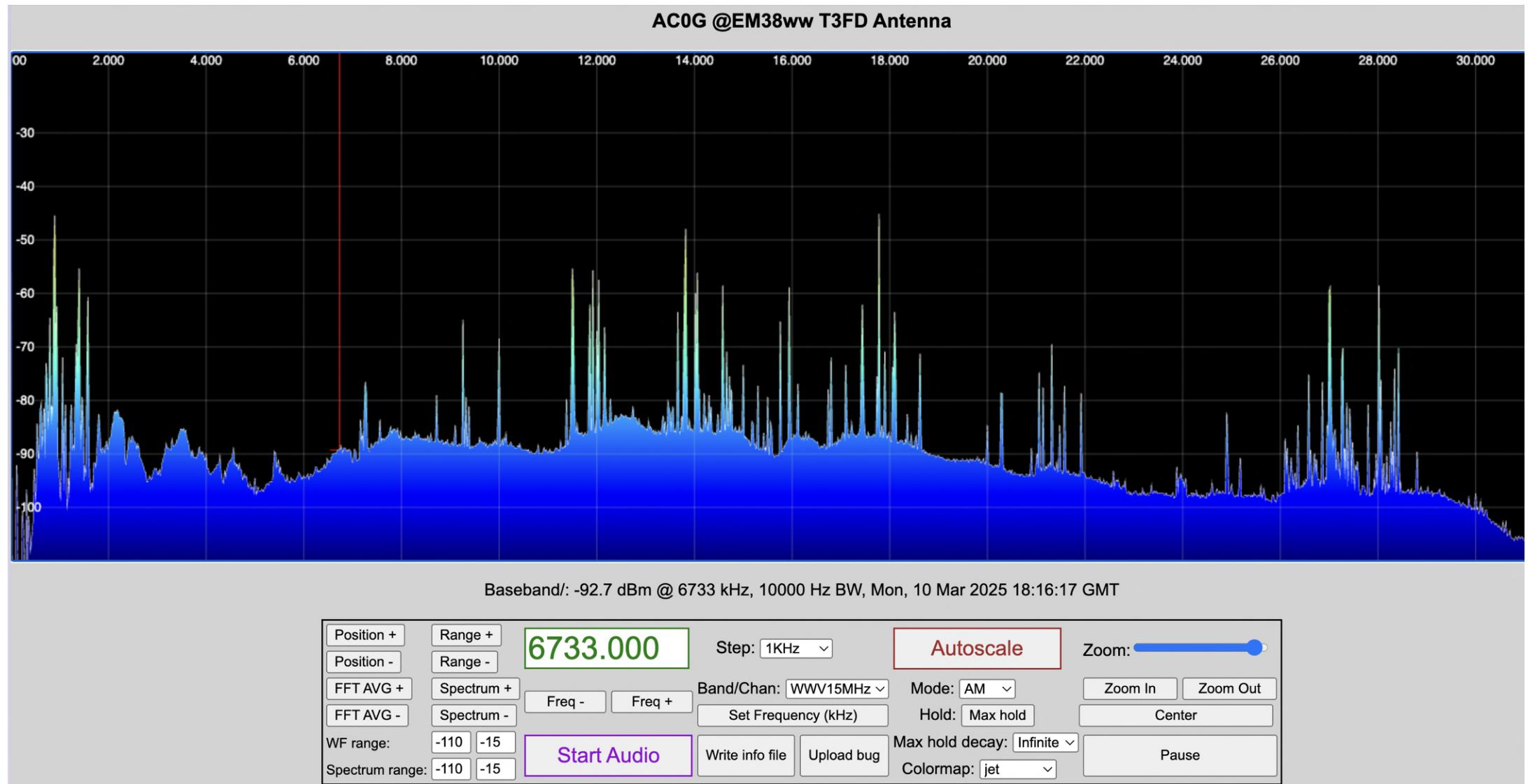


T3FD and DXE

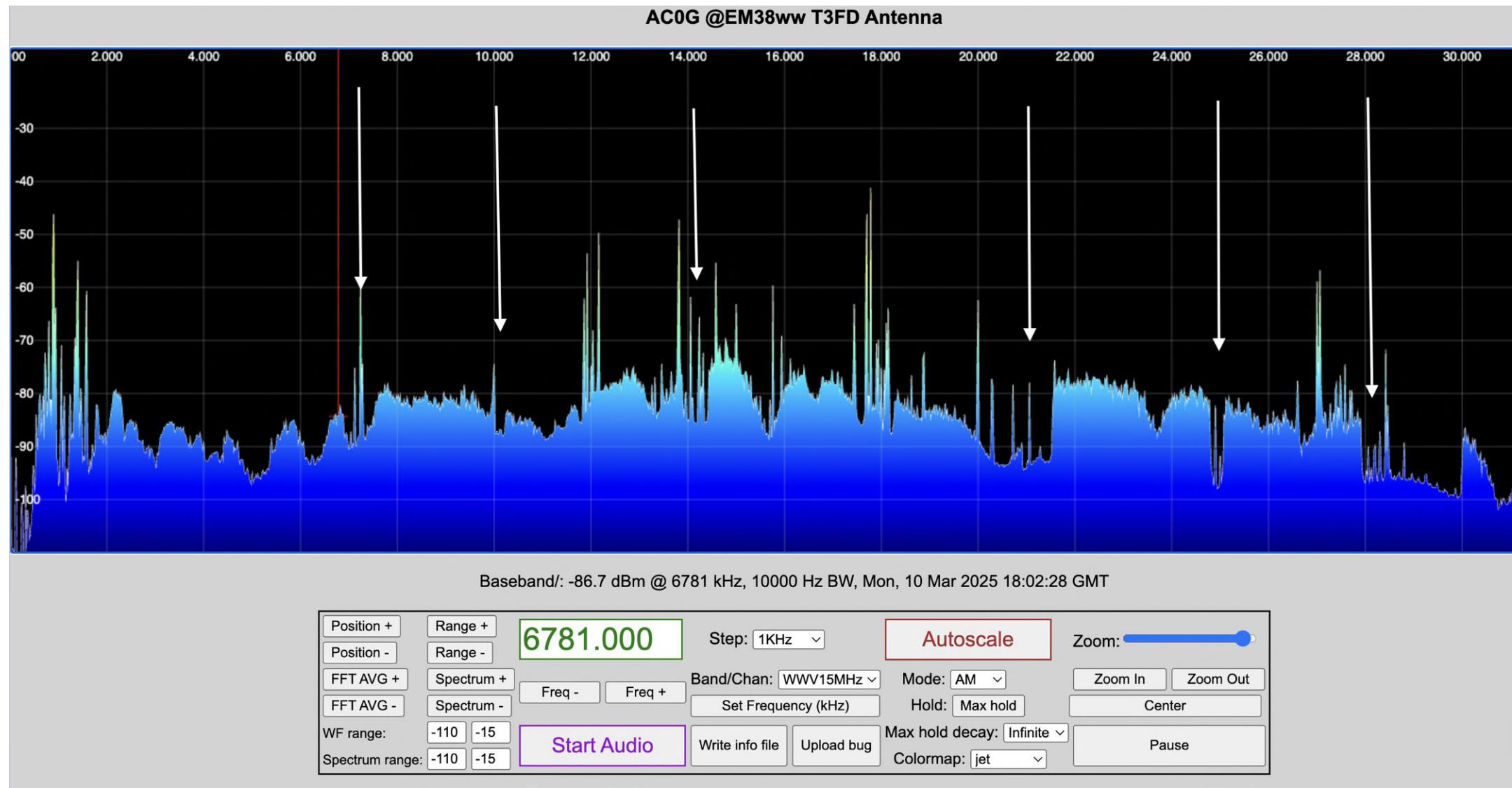


LZ1AQ and LoG





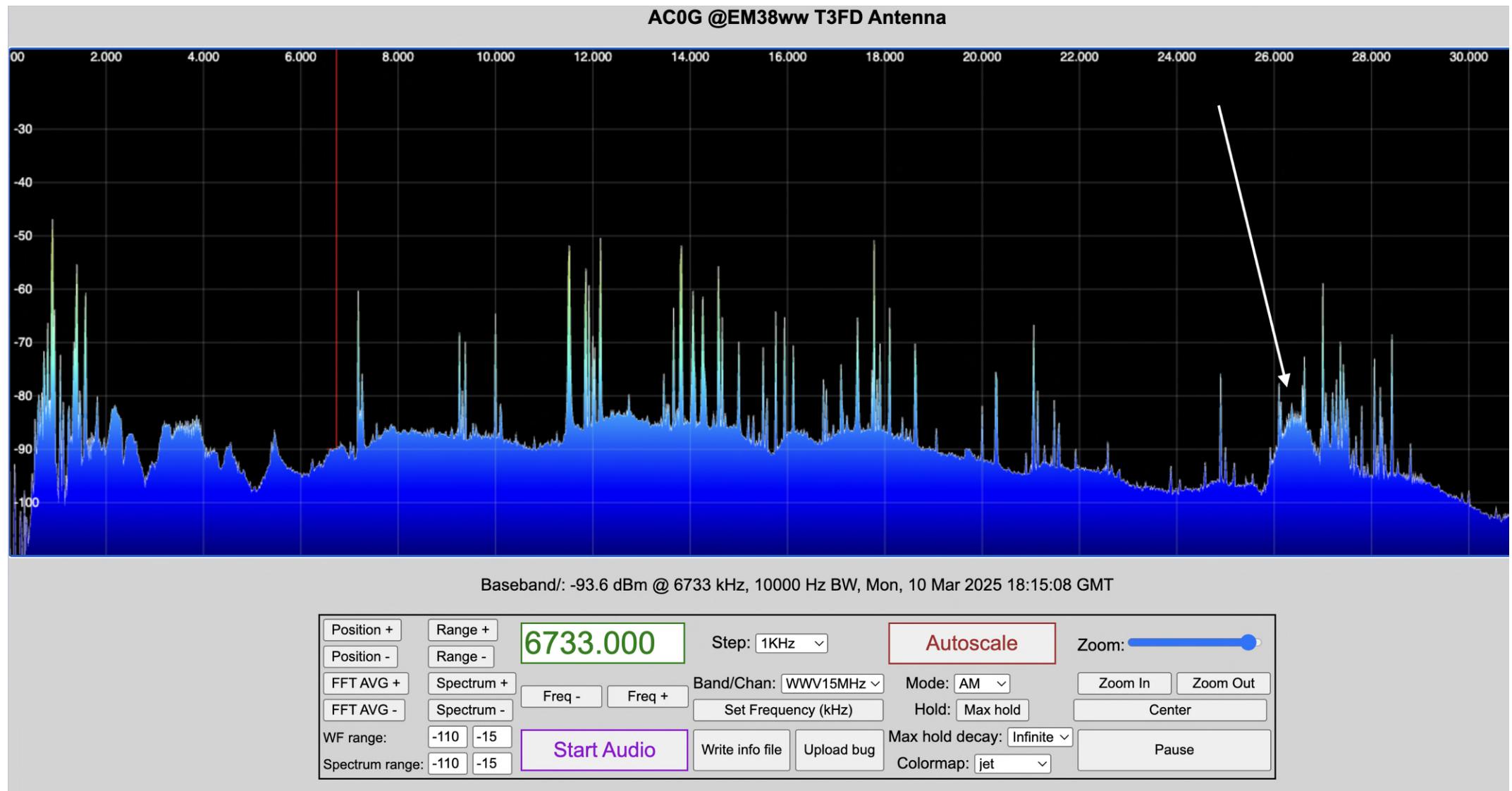
Noise Patterns



Culprit



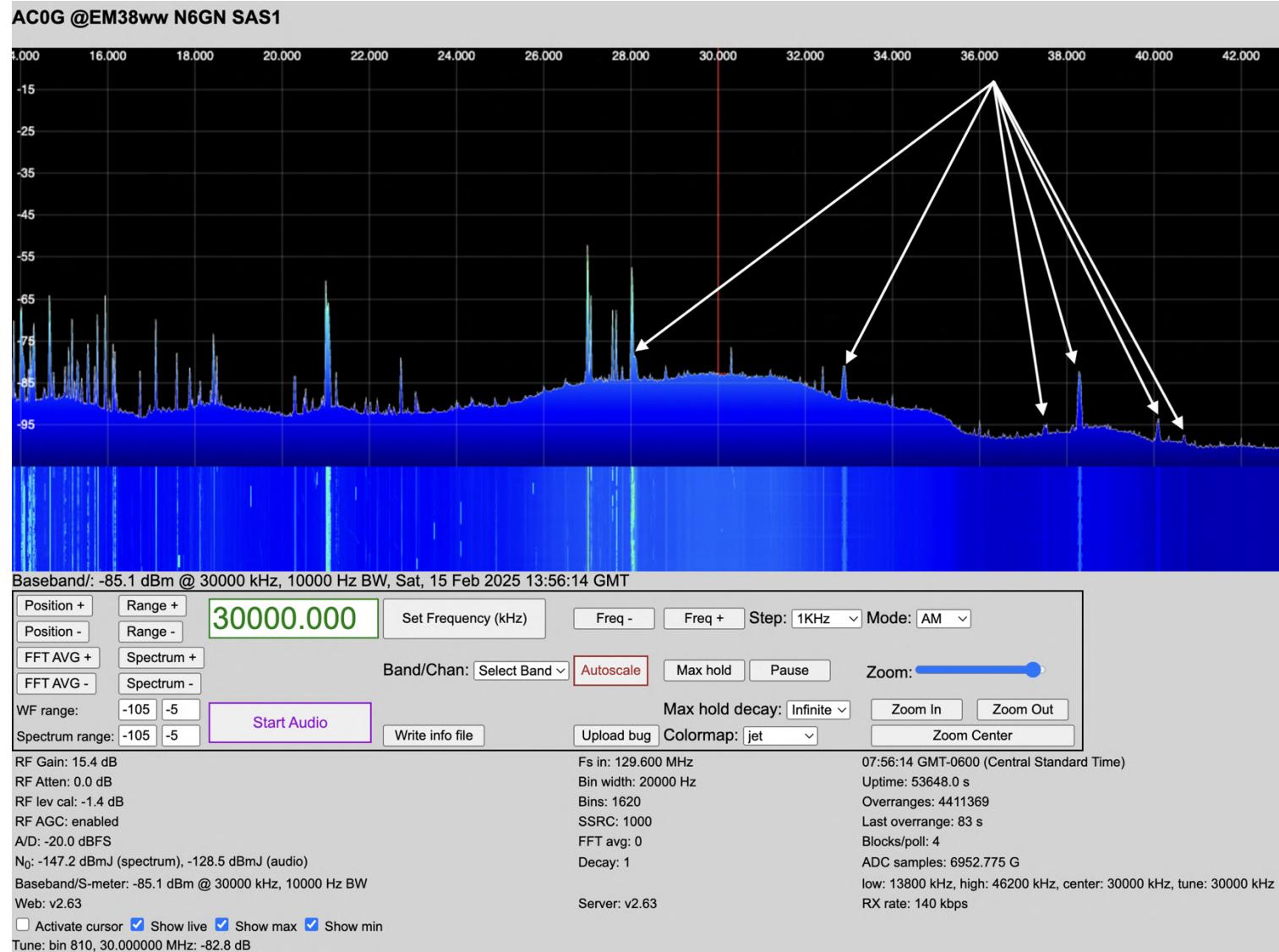
Noise Patterns



Culprit



Noise Patterns



Sample rate.	Observed	Stations
129.6	23.5	106.1
129.6	27.3	102.3
129.6	28.1	101.5
129.6	29.1	100.5
129.6	29.5	100.1
129.6	30.3	99.3
129.6	30.7	98.9
129.6	31.3	98.3
129.6	32.1	97.5
129.6	32.9	96.7
129.6	33.3	96.3
129.6	33.9	95.7
129.6	34.3	95.3
129.6	35.3	94.3
129.6	35.7	93.9
129.6	36.5	93.1
129.6	37.5	92.1
129.6	38.3	91.3
129.6	39.1	90.5
129.6	40.1	89.5
129.6	40.7	88.9

Summary

- DASI2 antenna
- Site analysis
- Embrace your HAM- and SCI- nature!
- Checkout <https://hf-noise.readthedocs.io/> to learn and help me document noise mitigation and site tuning.

Acknowledgments



The HamSCI Community is led by The University of Scranton Department of Physics and Engineering W3USR, in collaboration with Case Western Reserve University W8EDU, the University of Alabama, the New Jersey Institute of Technology Center for Solar Terrestrial Physics K2MFF, the MIT Haystack Observatory, TAPR, additional collaborating universities and institutions, and volunteer members of the amateur radio and citizen science communities.

We are grateful for the financial support of the United States National Science Foundation, NASA, and Amateur Radio Digital Communications (ARDC).

HamSCI silhouette photo by Ann Marie Rogalcheck-Frissell KC2KRQ.

Thank you!

Happy to answer any questions...